







# Douglas Shire





DOUGLAS SHIRE COUNCIL



Queensland  
Government



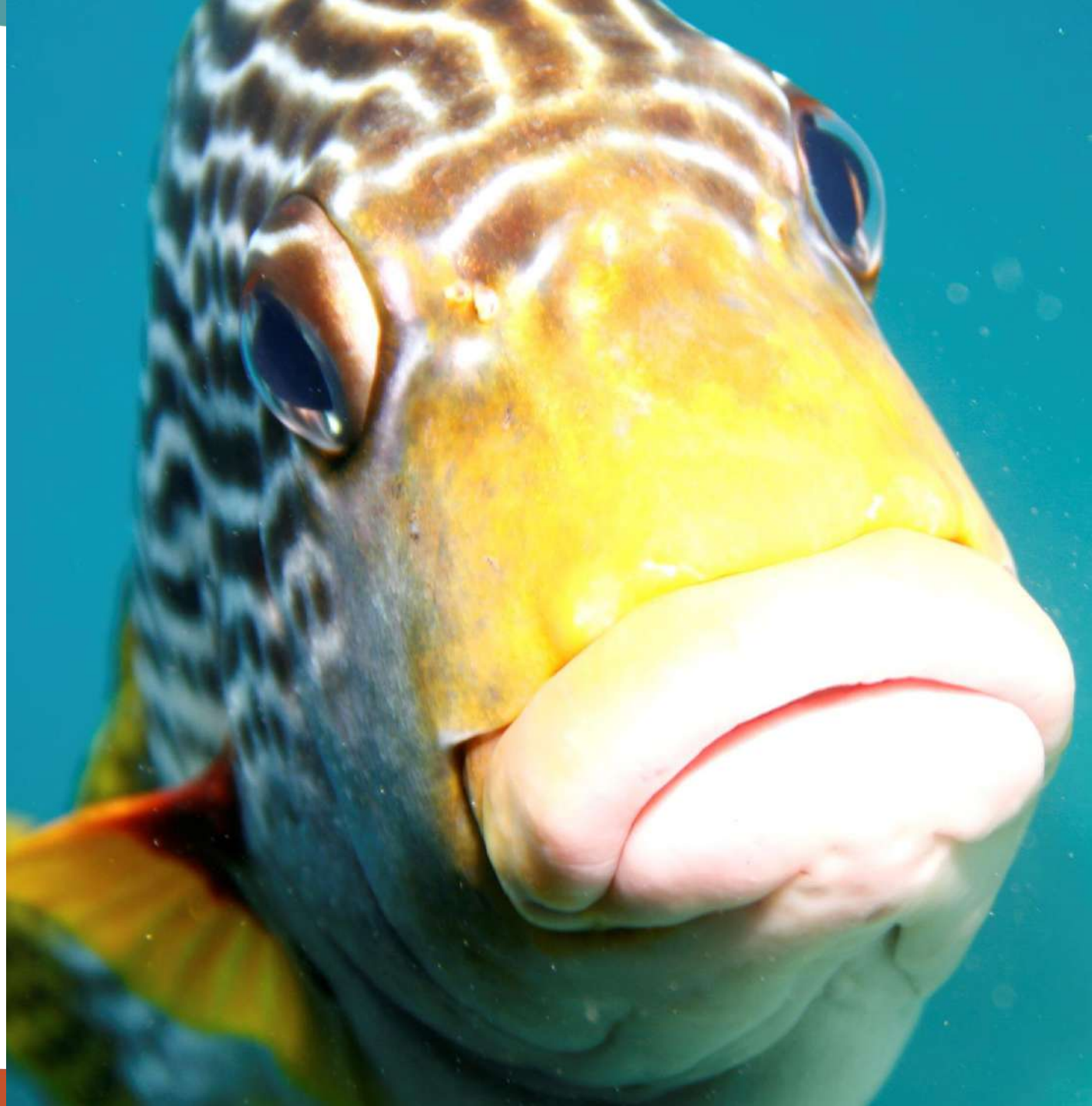
# Resilient Coast program

| Phase |                                | Description                                                       | Project status                 |
|-------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1     | <b>Commit and get ready</b>    | Plan for life-of project stakeholder communication and engagement | Complete                       |
| 2     |                                | Scope coastal hazard issues for the area of interest              | Complete                       |
| 3     | <b>Identify and assess</b>     | Identify areas exposed to current and future coastal hazards      | <b>Complete</b>                |
| 4     |                                | Identify key assets potentially impacted                          | <b>Complete</b>                |
| 5     |                                | Undertake a risk assessment of key assets in coastal hazard areas | <b>Complete</b>                |
| 6     | <b>Plan, respond and embed</b> | Identify potential adaptation options                             | Complete                       |
| 7     |                                | Socio-economic appraisal of adaptation options                    | Complete                       |
| 8     |                                | Strategy development, implementation and review                   | Final edits and implementation |



## Reflections today

1. Engagement and communications
2. Technical work
3. Strategic planning

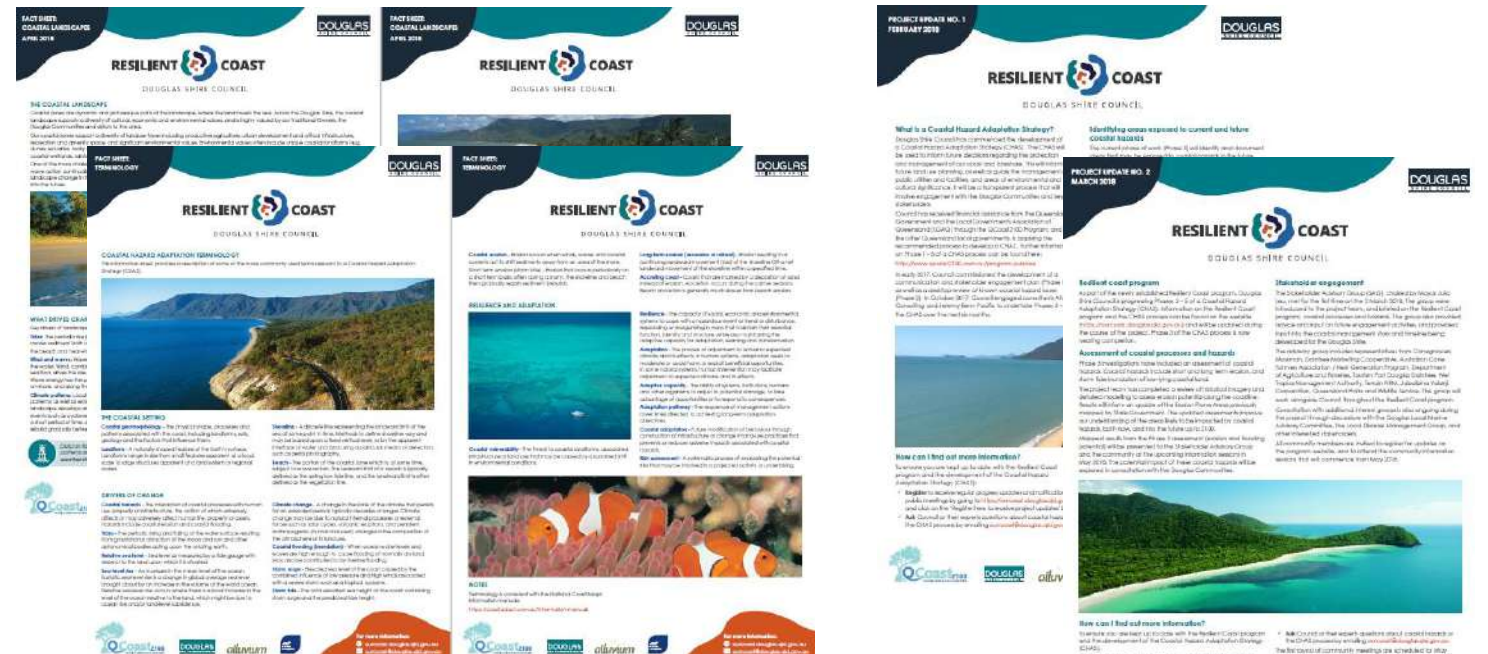
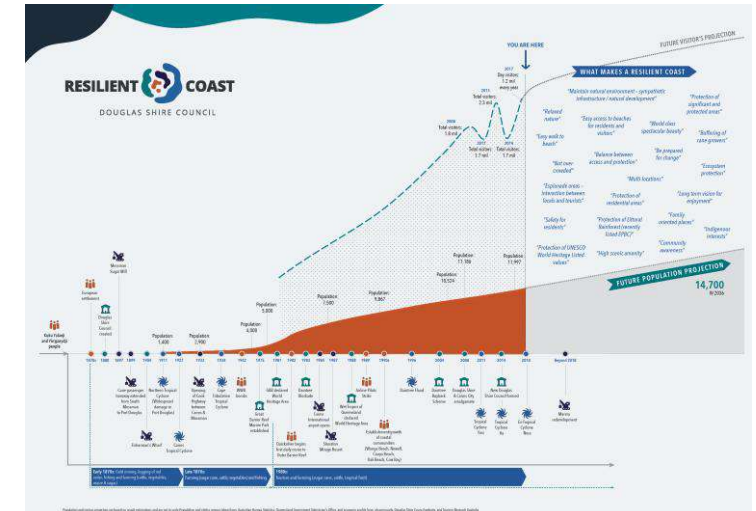


# 1. Communication and engagement



# Materials

- Website  
<https://www.ourcoast.douglas.qld.gov.au>
- Monthly project updates
- Coastal story timeline
- Fact sheet series (8)
  - Terminology
  - Coastal landscapes
  - Coastal hazards
  - Coastal adaptation
  - Adaptation framework
  - Resilient homes
  - Economics
  - Strategy summary
- Surveys (2)
- Media releases



## Shared discussions

- Council workshops, briefings and updates
- Stakeholder Advisory Group
- Utility stakeholders
  - Transport Main Roads (TMR)
  - National Broadband Network (NBN)
  - Ergon Energy
- Local Government Association of Queensland (LGAQ) and State Government of Queensland
- Interest group briefings
  - Douglas Local Marine Advisory Committee (LMAC)
  - Douglas Local Disaster Management Group (LDMG)

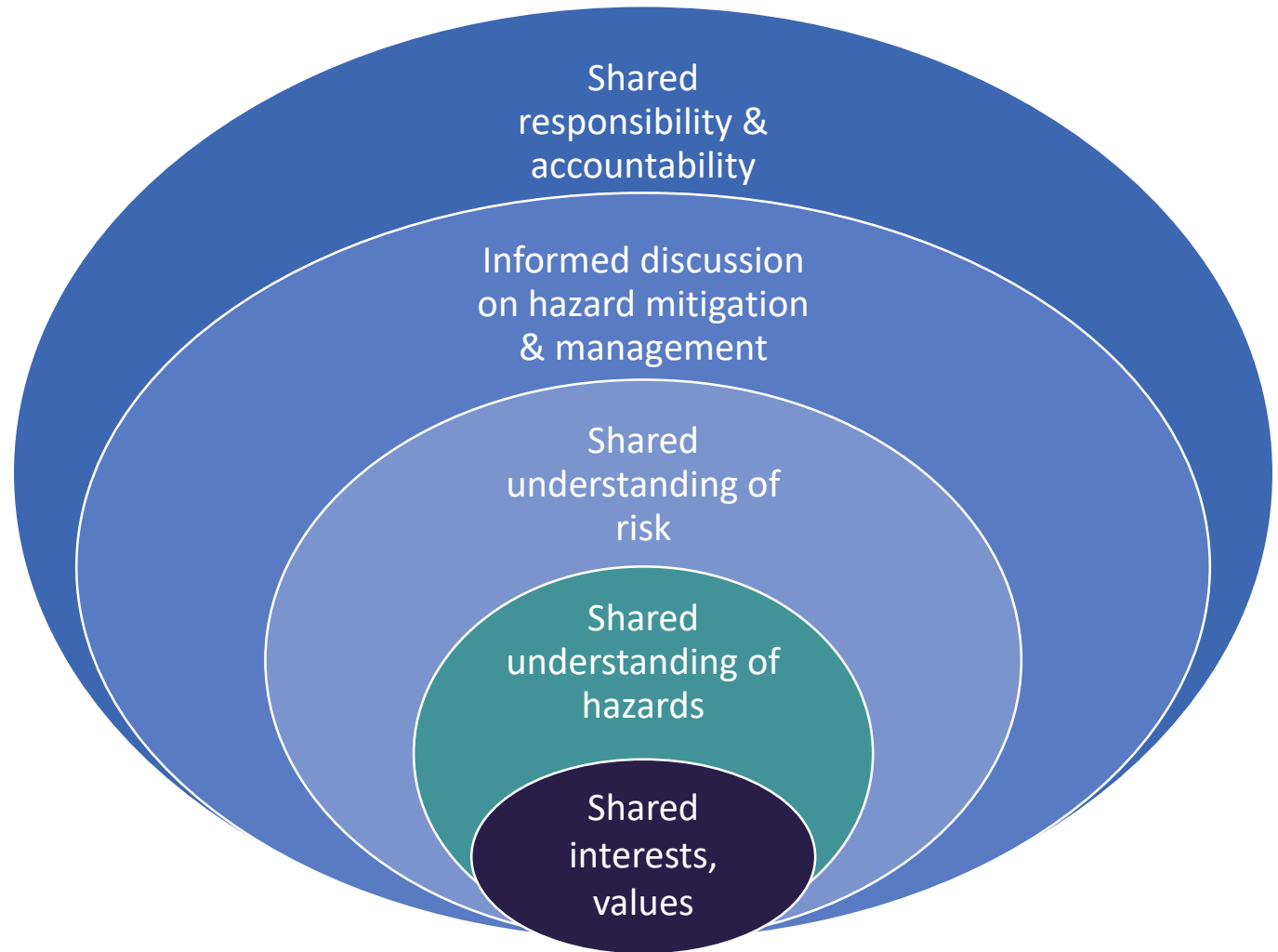
**Community workshops** – two rounds  
(May and October 2018) – Mossman, Port Douglas, Cape Tribulation

### Stakeholder Advisory Group (6 meetings)

Australian Cane Farmers Association / Next Gen  
Canegrowers Mossman  
Daintree Marketing Cooperative  
Department of Agriculture and Fisheries  
Douglas Shire Council  
Jabalbina Yalanji Corporation  
Queensland Parks and Wildlife Service (QPWS)  
Terrain NRM  
Tourism Port Douglas Daintree (TPDD)  
Wet Tropics Management Authority (WTMA)



# The process



# Building the coastal management story



## What has shaped the coastline?

Coastlines are shaped by many elements



- **Physical & ecological** – geography, geology, geomorphic process, ecosystems, climate, extreme events ...



- **Social** – the people, their cultures and histories, values, attitudes, behaviours, social fabric and networks, liveability and lifestyle



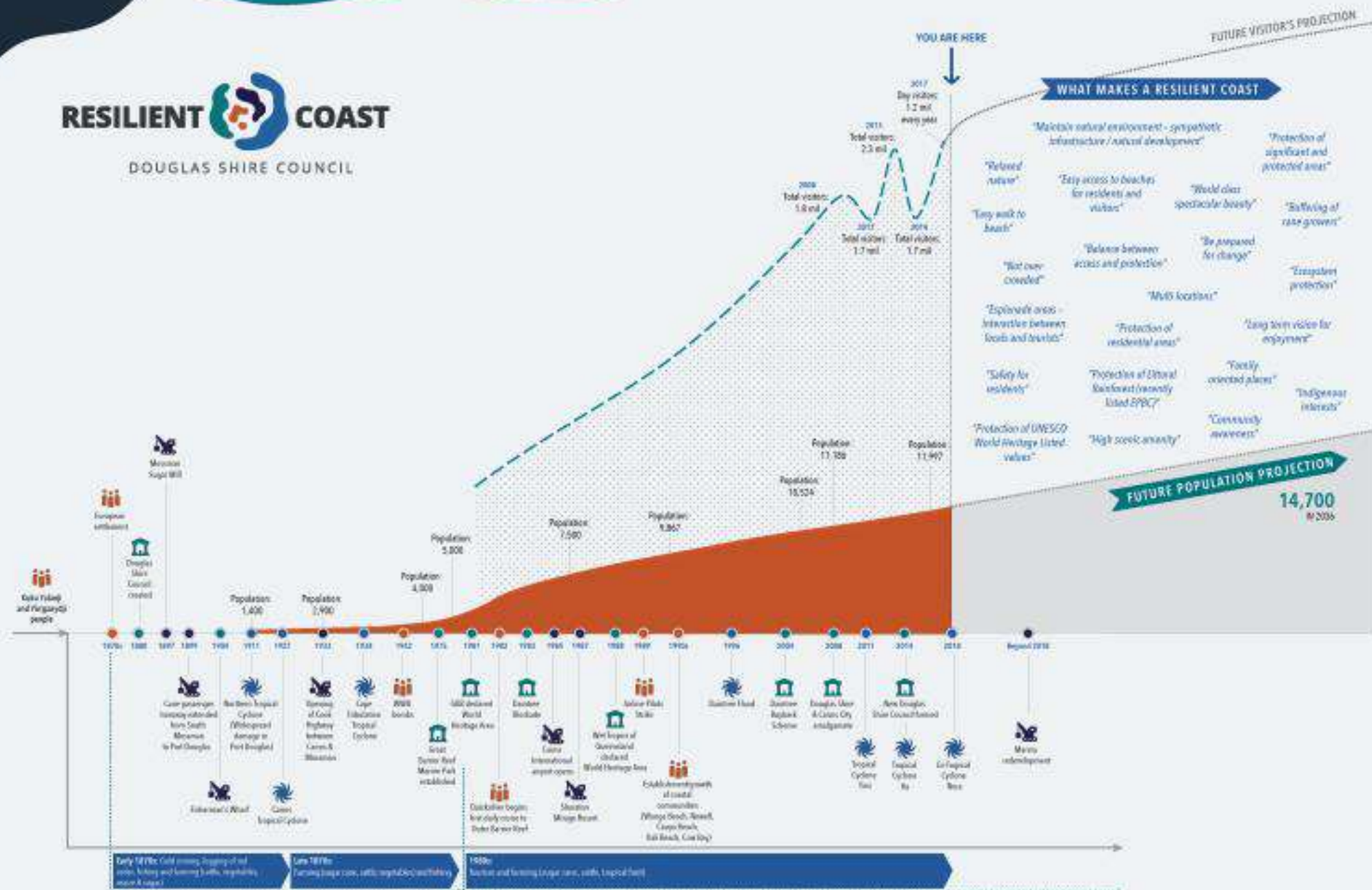
- **Governance, policy and regulation** – land use planning, international treaties, institutional and organisations



- **Infrastructure** – roads, utilities, facilities, built landscapes

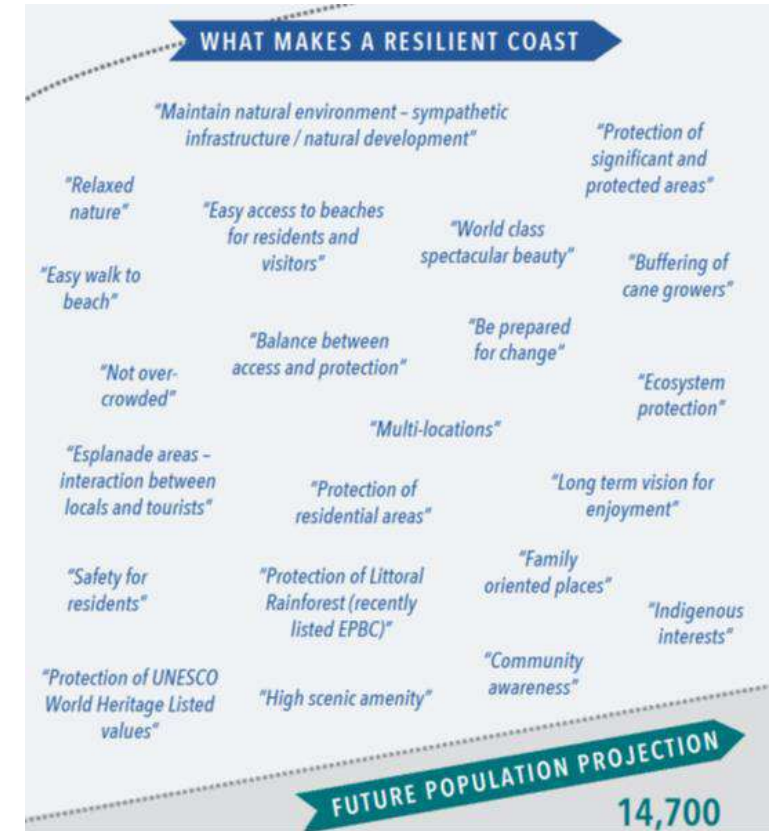
# RESILIENT COAST

DOUGLAS SHIRE COUNCIL



# Key engagement outcomes

- Shared visioning for a resilient coast
  - Infrastructure
  - Economy and growth
  - Public safety
  - Environmental values
  - Traditional Owner values
  - Community services and lifestyle
- Shaping the direction of the technical work
- Shared understanding of hazards and risk
- Partnerships
- Council enabled to pro-actively prepare
- Strong platform for implementation



## 2. Technical investigations: Coastal hazards & risk



## Phase 3 - 5

- Coastal hazard areas
  - Updated Erosion Prone Areas
  - Mapped storm tide inundation
- Asset data collation
- Exposure likelihood
- Consequence and risk

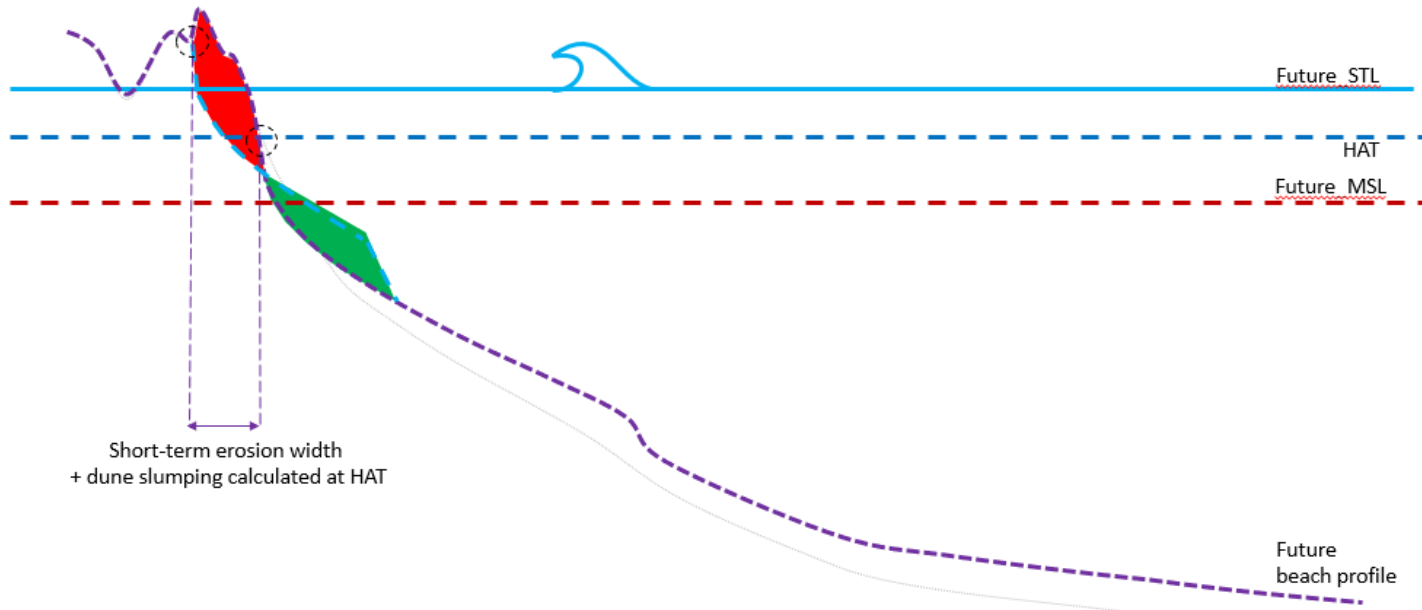
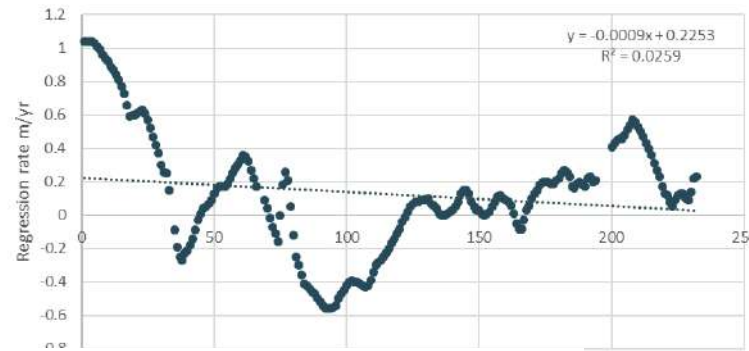
### Key considerations:

- Leading practice
- Tailoring technical work to provide best value for Council



# Coastal hazard areas - erosion

- Historical shoreline change (regression analysis)
- Sediment grain sizes & new modelling



# Coastal hazard areas - erosion

- Updated Erosion Prone Areas
- Likelihoods: Present day, 2060, 2100
- Open coast and tidal areas
- Recognising uncertainty – multiple AEPs



## Open coast erosion likelihood of impact - bands

## Modelled storm events\*

|                                                                                     |          |           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------|
|    | Likely   | 10% AEP   |
|    | Possible | 1 % AEP   |
|  | Rare     | 0.2 % AEP |

## Rock coast erosion (possible)



Present day to 2100

30 m buffer

## Tidal areas (likely)

Present day

2060

2100

HAT + 10m

HAT + 20 m (horizontal)  
And HAT + 0.4 m (vertical)

HAT + 40 m (horizontal)  
And HAT + 0.8 m (vertical)



# Coastal hazard areas – storm tide inundation

- Cairns Regional Storm Tide Study
- Tailored mapping
- Likelihoods: Present day, 2060, 2100
- Recognising uncertainty – multiple AEPs



| Storm tide inundation likelihood - bands                                            |          | Modelled storm events* |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|------------------------|
|    | Likely   | HAT                    |
|  | Possible | 1 % AEP                |
|  | Rare     | 0.2 % AEP              |

# Assets and risk

- Asset databases (new and collated)
  - Infrastructure
  - Planning scheme zones
  - Natural assets
  - Dwellings

Purpose of risk assessment:

- To inform understanding of regional scale distribution of risk
- To inform strategic adaptation response across the Shire

Risk = Likelihood of exposure x consequence

|            |                 | Consequence   |        |          |           |              |
|------------|-----------------|---------------|--------|----------|-----------|--------------|
|            |                 | Insignificant | Minor  | Moderate | Major     | Catastrophic |
| Likelihood | Likely 10% AEP  | Low           | Medium | High     | Very high | Very high    |
|            | Possible 1% AEP | Low           | Medium | Medium   | High      | Very high    |
|            | Rare 0.2% AEP   | Low           | Low    | Medium   | Medium    | High         |



| Consequence   | Infrastructure                                                                                                                      | Economy and growth                                                                                       | Public safety                                                                  | Environmental values                                                                               | Traditional Owner values                                                             | Community services and lifestyle                                           |
|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Catastrophic  | Widespread major damage or loss of property or infrastructure with total value >\$50 million. Partial recovery may take many years. | Regional economic decline, widespread business failure and impacts on state economy.                     | Loss of lives and/or permanent disabilities.                                   | Severe and widespread permanent regionally significant and natural region. Recovery                | Severe and widespread                                                                | Widespread semi-permanent impact community structure of the alternatives.  |
| Major         | Major damage or loss of property or infrastructure with total value >\$10 million. Full recovery may take several years.            | Lasting downturn of local economy with isolated business failures and major impacts on regional economy. | Widespread series injuries/ illnesses.                                         | Severe and semi-permanent or more regional significant and natural region. Partial recovery years. |  | arm (~1 month) services, the community available.                          |
| Moderate      | Moderate - major damage to property or infrastructure with total value >\$1 million. Full recovery may take less than 1 year.       | Significant impacts on local economy and minor impacts on regional economy.                              | Isolated series injuries/ illnesses and/or multiple minor injuries/ illnesses. | Substantial more local ecosystem features. Full recovery years.                                    |                                                                                      | arm (~1 week) option to es, wellbeing, ity with limited                    |
| Minor         | Substantial damage to properties or infrastructure with total value >\$200,000.                                                     | Individually significant but isolated impacts on local economy.                                          | Minor and isolated injuries and illnesses.                                     | Small, coastal short-term ecosystem features. Full recovery 1 year.                                |                                                                                      | arm disruption listed services, ture of the alternatives disruption of es. |
| Insignificant | Minor damage to properties or infrastructure with total value >\$50,000.                                                            | Minor short-term impact on local economy.                                                                | Negligible injuries or illnesses.                                              | Little to no impact.                                                                               |                                                                                      | ruption (~1 g, finances, or with numerous                                  |

# Assets and risk

Notable increase in risk by 2100 for:

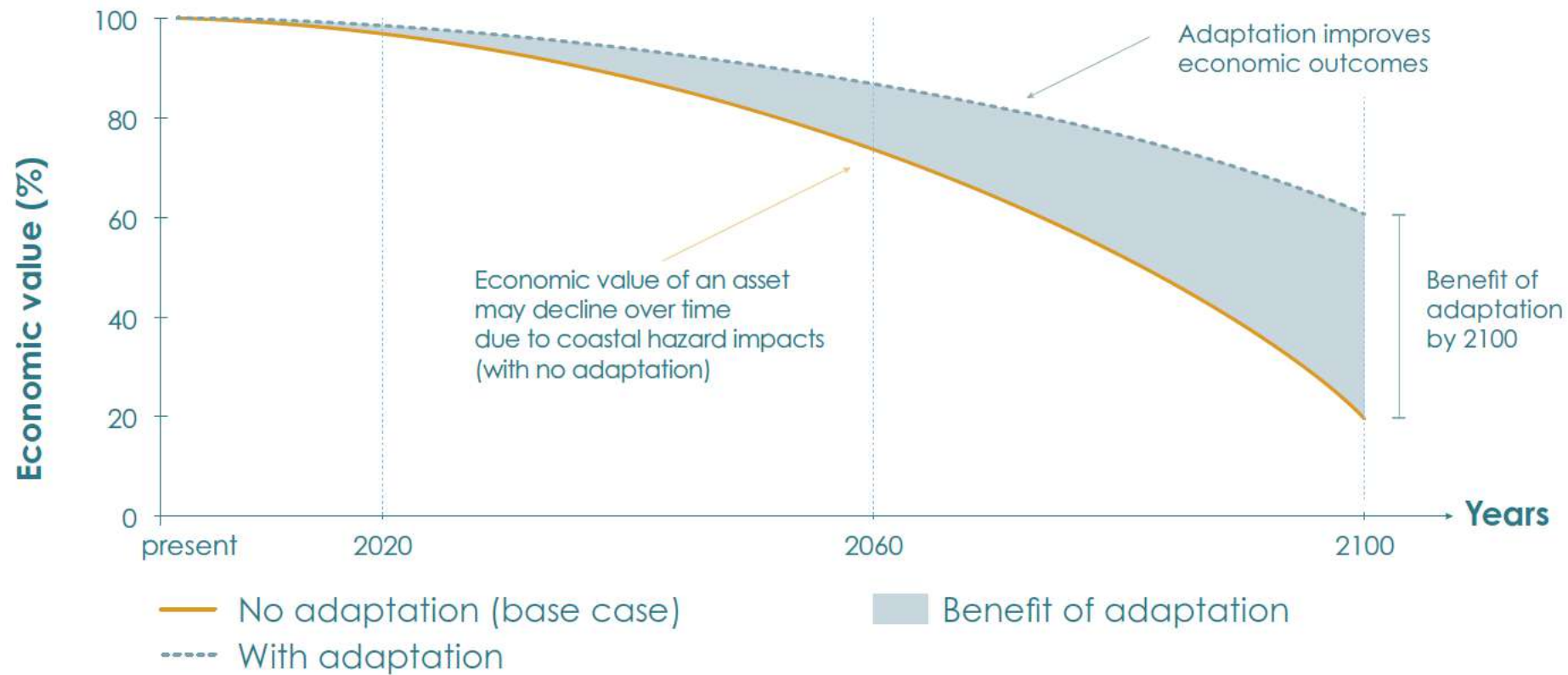
- Beach and foreshore infrastructure
- Roads (including Cape Trib road)
- Recreation & open space, special purpose and environmental management areas
- Residential zones, tourist accommodation and town centre

| % infrastructure assets at risk from coastal hazards | Erosion processes (EPA) |      |      | Storm tide inundation |      |      |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------|------|-----------------------|------|------|
|                                                      | Present day             | 2060 | 2100 | Present day           | 2060 | 2100 |
| Beach and foreshore                                  | 50%                     | 69%  | 85%  | 27%                   | 31%  | 33%  |
| Marine                                               | 25%                     | 25%  | 25%  | 23%                   | 23%  | 25%  |
| Sewerage                                             | 3%                      | 7%   | 16%  | 1%                    | 4%   | 5%   |
| Water reticulation                                   | 1%                      | 1.5% | 10%  | 1%                    | 2%   | 3%   |
| Drainage                                             | 4%                      | 6%   | 10%  | 0%                    | 0%   | 0%   |
| Roads                                                | 5%                      | 15%  | 20%  | 8%                    | 25%  | 44%  |

| % planning scheme zone areas at risk from coastal hazards | Erosion processes (EPA) |      |      | Storm tide inundation |      |      |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------|------|-----------------------|------|------|
|                                                           | Present day             | 2060 | 2100 | Present day           | 2060 | 2100 |
| Conservation                                              | 3%                      | 3%   | 3%   | 2%                    | 3%   | 3%   |
| Rural                                                     | 5%                      | 7%   | 10%  | 5%                    | 7%   | 9%   |
| Low-medium Density Residential                            | 2%                      | 4%   | 9%   | 1%                    | 9%   | 17%  |
| Recreation and Open Space                                 | 32%                     | 40%  | 52%  | 0%                    | 0%   | 0%   |
| Tourist Accommodation                                     | 3%                      | 6%   | 16%  | 3%                    | 18%  | 22%  |
| Low Density Residential                                   | 1%                      | 4%   | 10%  | 1%                    | 8%   | 15%  |
| Community Facilities                                      | 1%                      | 2%   | 5%   | 4%                    | 11%  | 13%  |
| Rural Residential                                         | 9%                      | 16%  | 28%  | 7%                    | 14%  | 20%  |
| Special Purpose                                           | 42%                     | 48%  | 55%  | 37%                   | 44%  | 47%  |
| Environmental Management                                  | 22%                     | 23%  | 25%  | 21%                   | 22%  | 23%  |
| Centre                                                    | 6%                      | 11%  | 20%  | 8%                    | 23%  | 23%  |
| Industry                                                  | 3%                      | 4%   | 6%   | 2%                    | 5%   | 5%   |
| Medium Density Residential                                | 1%                      | 2%   | 7%   | 0%                    | 4%   | 4%   |
| Tourism                                                   | 0%                      | 0%   | 0%   | 0%                    | 0%   | 0%   |

# Economics

- Valuation
- Base case
- Cost-benefit



# Economics

Implementing the adaptation approach and actions in the Resilient Coast Strategic Plan will contribute to avoiding potential economic costs to the Shire of up to:



**PRESENT DAY:**

\$6 million dollars  
per annum



**BY 2060:**

\$42 million dollars  
per annum



**BY 2100:**

\$140 million dollars  
per annum.

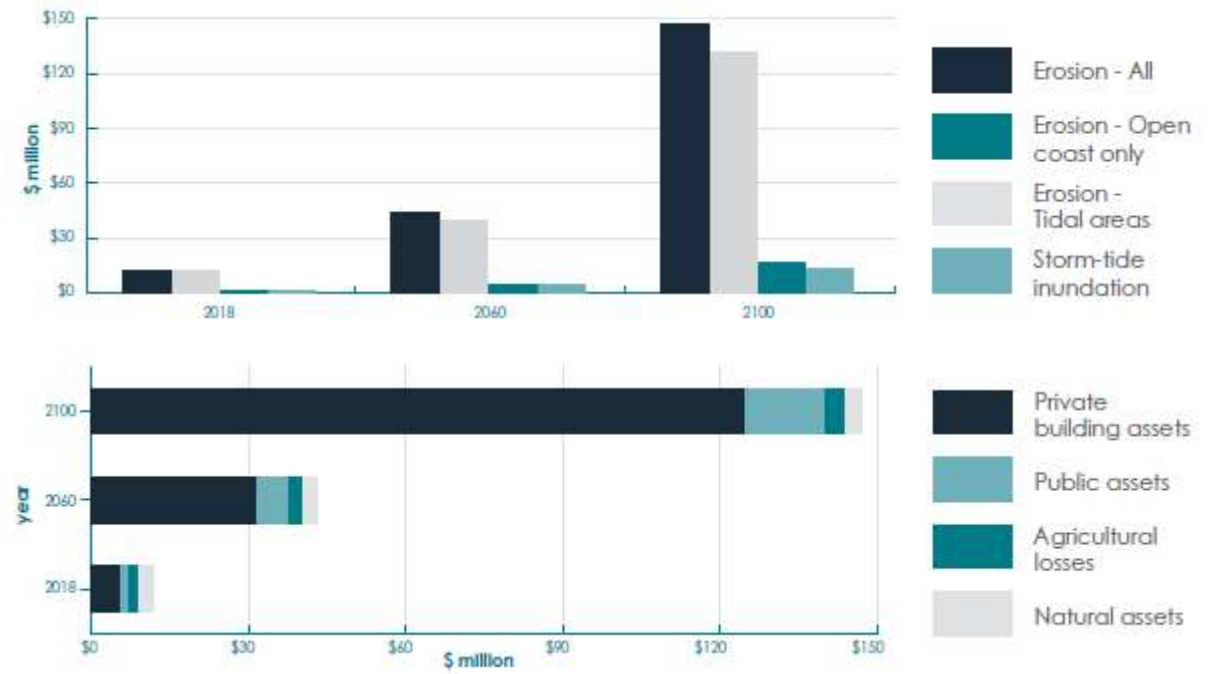
## Case study

- Cost to local economy from Cape Tribulation road closure:
- \$33,000 to \$184,000 per day
- \$0.25M to \$1.30M for a week
- Closure for a month – cost may exceed \$5 million.

- ADD apportioned to different components of the Erosion Prone Area (open coast erosion vs tidal areas) and localities
- Split public and private asset damages

Average annual  
damage costs

1. **Damage to public assets** - Council infrastructure, e.g. culverts, roads and wastewater treatment plants
2. **Damage to private building assets** - Dwellings in the coastal hazard zone
3. **Damage to natural assets** - e.g. Mangroves, wetlands and coastal forests
4. **Loss of production** for agriculture - e.g. lost cane production.



# Economics

| Dune protection and maintenance |
|---------------------------------|
| Dune Protection & Maintenance   |

| Open Coast Erosion                |
|-----------------------------------|
| Last line of defence structures   |
| Beach nourish      Buried seawall |

|                            | Present day | 2060 | 2100 |
|----------------------------|-------------|------|------|
| Dugarra                    | ●           | ●    | ●    |
| Cowle Point                | ●           | ●    | ●    |
| Cape Tribulation           | ●           | ●    | ●    |
| Thornton Beach             | ●           | ●    | ●    |
| Cow Bay and Cape Kimberley | ●           | ●    | ●    |
| Wonga Beach                | ●           | ●    | ●    |
| Rocky Point                | ●           | ●    | ●    |
| Newell                     | ●           | ●    | ●    |
| Cooya Beach                | ●           | ●    | ●    |
| Port Douglas and Craiglie  | ●           | ●    | ●    |
| Pebbly Beach               | ●           | ●    | ●    |
| Oak Beach                  | ●           | ●    | ●    |
| Wangetti                   | ●           | ●    | ●    |
| South of Wangetti          | ●           | ●    | ●    |

|  | Present day | 2060 | 2100 |
|--|-------------|------|------|
|  | ○           | ○    | ○    |
|  | ○           | ○    | ○    |
|  | ○           | ○    | ○    |
|  | ○           | ○    | ○    |
|  | ○           | ○    | ○    |
|  | ○           | ○    | ○    |
|  | ○           | ○    | ○    |
|  | ○           | ○    | ○    |
|  | ○           | ○    | ○    |
|  | ○           | ○    | ○    |
|  | ○           | ○    | ○    |
|  | ○           | ○    | ○    |
|  | ○           | ○    | ○    |
|  | ○           | ○    | ○    |

Dune protection and maintenance



Beach nourishment



Structures to assist with sand retention



Last line of defence structures



Structures to minimise inundation



Dune protection & maintenance

Dune protection & maintenance

Beach Nourishment



+



Dune protection & maintenance

Beach Nourishment

Groynes



+



+



Dune protection & maintenance

Beach Nourishment

Buried seawall



+



+



### 3. Strategic planning

- Adaptation framework
- Adaptation response
- Adaptation actions



# Adaptation framework and response

| VISION              | A RESILIENT COAST FOR DOUGLAS SHIRE                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Adaptation response | Coastal hazard adaptation                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                               |
|                     | Monitor                                                                                                     | Mitigate                                                                                                                                                     | Transition                                                                                                                    |
|                     | Monitor the risk of coastal hazards. Monitor until local trigger levels are reached to initiate mitigation. | Actively mitigate the risk of coastal hazards through a range of adaptation options. Mitigate until local trigger levels are reached to initiate transition. | A strategic decision to transition to an alternative landuse in some areas. Mitigation may be part of the transition process. |
|                     | Adaptation options                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                               |

- Tailored framework and language

|                            | Adaptation response |          |           |
|----------------------------|---------------------|----------|-----------|
|                            | 2018                | 2060     | 2100      |
| Degarra                    | Monitor             | Mitigate | Mitigate  |
| Cowle Point                | Monitor             | Monitor  | Monitor   |
| Cape Tribulation           | Monitor             | Mitigate | Mitigate  |
| Thornton Beach             | Mitigate            | Mitigate | Mitigate  |
| Cow Bay and Cape Kimberley | Monitor             | Monitor  | Monitor   |
| Wonga Beach                | Mitigate            | Mitigate | Mitigate* |
| Rocky Point                | Mitigate            | Mitigate | Mitigate  |
| Newell                     | Mitigate            | Mitigate | Mitigate* |
| Cooya Beach                | Mitigate            | Mitigate | Mitigate* |
| Port Douglas and Craggle   | Mitigate            | Mitigate | Mitigate* |
| Pebbly Beach               | Mitigate            | Mitigate | Mitigate  |
| Oak Beach                  | Mitigate            | Mitigate | Mitigate  |
| Wangetti                   | Monitor             | Mitigate | Mitigate  |
| South of Wangetti          | Monitor             | Mitigate | Mitigate  |

\* A transition response may be appropriate for limited areas within each locality

# Adaptation actions

## 1. Shire-wide initiatives

- Community stewardship program
- Growing adaptive capacity
- Monitoring program

## 2. Planning updates

- Land use planning
- Disaster management

## 3. Modifying infrastructure

- Build resilience
- Relocate infrastructure

## 4. Coastal management and engineering

- Dune protection
- Beach nourishment
- Structures to assist with sand retention
- Last line of defence structures
- Structures to minimise flooding

FACT SHEET:  
COASTAL ADAPTATION

**DOUGLAS SHIRE COUNCIL**

**RESILIENT COAST**

DOUGLAS SHIRE COUNCIL

**BUILDING A RESILIENT COAST**

At the interface of the continent and ocean, the coastal zone will continue to be prone to periodic impacts from coastal hazards such as storm tide inundation and short and long-term erosion processes. As changes to our climate occur, these impacts are expected to become more severe. Councils and communities can work together to build the resilience of the coastline and adapt to change.

A resilient coast has social, economic and environmental systems in place to avoid, manage and mitigate the impact of hazardous events or disturbances. Resilience also means the ability to respond or reorganise in ways that maintain the essential function, identity and values of a region.



**HOW CAN WE ADAPT?**

There are a range of ways we can adapt to change in the coastal zone. Across each region, broad adaptation responses include:

- Avoid the hazard (or retreat)
- Accommodate change (moderate intervention)
- Hold the line / defend (major intervention)

For each of these broad responses there are a range of adaptation options that can be used to avoid, manage and

FACT SHEET:  
COASTAL ADAPTATION

**DOUGLAS SHIRE COUNCIL**

**RESILIENT COAST**

DOUGLAS SHIRE COUNCIL

**EXAMPLE ADAPTATION OPTIONS (CONTINUED)**

**2. Coastal engineering**

The range of coastal engineering adaptation options include:

**Dune protection and maintenance**

Dune protection and maintenance involves limiting disturbance to dunes and protecting/enhancing dune vegetation to increase the stability of the dunes.

The dune system is the beach's natural defence to coastal hazards. The foredune dissipates wave energy and protects the land behind from impacts of erosion and storm tide. Vegetation across the dunes helps stabilise sand and enhances the ability of dunes to rebuild after storm activity. Vegetation plants can be tailored to each site, and with consideration of other needs (e.g. views, access).



**Beach nourishment**

Beach nourishment involves importing additional sand to increase the volume of sand on the beach. Sand can be sourced from offshore, quarries or other sources. Beach nourishment is typically combined with dune maintenance, to enhance the level of protection against erosion and storm tide levels.

Beach nourishment has the benefit of providing increased protection from coastal hazards while maintaining the natural values of the beach and coastline.

**Structures to assist with sand retention**

Structures can be installed to assist with retaining sand in a specific area of the shoreline. Usually combined with beach nourishment and dune maintenance, these structures typically take the form of one or many groynes that extend perpendicular to the long-shore sand transport.

Groynes will accumulate sand to the side where sand moves towards the groyne. Groynes are typically made of rock, wood, or geo-fabric bags.



**Structures to assist with off-shore energy dissipation**

Structures can be installed off-shore to create a zone where wave energy will break and dissipate prior to reaching the beach. These structures include breakwaters and artificial reefs. Natural off-shore reefs such as those present along the Douglas Shire coastline already provide this benefit for many beaches.

**Last line of defence structures**

Structures such as seawalls can be used to protect critical assets where other coastal engineering options are not considered to be feasible. Seawalls provide an artificial barrier between the ocean and adjacent coastal land, and protect the coastal assets behind the wall from erosion. Seawalls are typically made of rock, concrete or geo-fabric bags, and can be designed as buried revetments or exposed walls.

A seawall is a hard barrier to wave energy. Unlike a dune system, a seawall has limited capacity to dissipate (spread out and absorb) energy when it hits the wall. As a result, waves reflect off the seawall and scour sand away from the base (or toe). The presence of a seawall can often result in a complete loss of the high tide sandy beach. The appropriateness of seawalls is considered on a site by site basis.



**Structures to minimise coastal flooding**

Structures such as dikes and levees can be used to keep floodwaters from entering specific areas. Dikes and levees are artificially elevated mounds or walls that can be made of earth, rock, concrete, geo-fabric bags or other materials. The presence of dikes and levees can be either part of an emergency planning approach, or more permanent features as part of a drainage network.

For more information:

• [enquiries@douglas.qld.gov.au](mailto:enquiries@douglas.qld.gov.au)

• [enquiries@douglas.qld.gov.au](mailto:enquiries@douglas.qld.gov.au)

## ADAPTATION OBJECTIVES INCLUDE TO:

- Retain the natural beauty of the coast
- Limit adverse impacts on scenic amenity
- Protect important ecosystems
- Protect important rainforests, vegetation and tree canopies (especially north of the Daintree River)
- Maintain access to the region
- Minimise potential impacts on tourism
- Protect significant, protected and sensitive areas (environment and biodiversity)
- Retain sandy beaches
- Maintain access to beach and assets
- Limit impact on assets and infrastructure (including new developments) within hazard zone (particularly south of the Daintree River)
- Retain arable land (cane farming).

These objectives provide a reference for considering the suitability of different coastal hazard adaptation options across the Douglas Shire.

# Format of the strategy

- Public document
- A strategic plan, high level
- Underpinned by Phase 1 – 8 reports
- All of Shire, and location summaries



4 RESILIENT COAST STRATEGIC PLAN

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# Adaptation actions

## 1. Shire-wide initiatives



| Theme                     | Strategic action no.              | Description                                                                | 2020 Priority strategic actions (completed within 5 – 10 years)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. Shire-wide initiatives | 1.1 Community stewardship program | Develop programs and partnerships to enhance stewardship of the coastline. | <p>1.1.1 Establish program / officer role</p> <p>1.1.2 Establish and implement dune protection and maintenance program utilising a mix of Council and volunteers' time</p> <p>1.1.3 Seek co-funding / resources for further initiatives.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|                           | 1.2 Knowledge sharing             | Facilitate knowledge sharing and education on hazards and adaptation.      | <p>1.2.1 Identify networks / forums for knowledge sharing (internal and external)</p> <p>1.2.2 Generate communication materials (on Strategic Plan implementation)</p> <p>1.2.3 Facilitate training / education workshops / events</p> <p>1.2.4 Co-ordinate cross-agency information sharing.</p> <p>1.2.5 Promote collaborative partnerships to pursue initiatives for integrated catchment and coastal management (rivers, estuaries, coastline)</p> <p>1.2.6 Promote collaborative partnerships to pursue initiatives for integrated coast and marine management (coastline, marine environment and ecosystems, fisheries)</p> <p>1.2.7 Promote cross-sector partnerships and initiatives to enhance resilience and strategic adaptation for agriculture</p> <p>1.2.8 Promote cross-sector collaboration to improve understanding of future coastal hazard implications for local native species and ecosystems, including terrestrial, freshwater and marine environments.</p> |
|                           | 1.3 Monitoring                    | Monitor changes in coastal hazard risk and effectiveness of adaptation.    | <p>1.3.1 Establish photo point monitoring system (coast snap or similar) at key areas</p> <p>1.3.2 Create a platform / process for data management</p> <p>1.3.3 Develop monitoring / evaluation metrics for implementation of actions, and effectiveness of actions (also a potential post-graduate student project)</p> <p>1.3.4 Establish drone survey (elevation and aerial imagery) monitoring (every 5 – 10 years), or other tailored monitoring and reporting needed to inform adaptive management and the 10-year planning scheme review.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |



## 6. LOCATION SUMMARIES

|     |                                  |    |     |                                          |    |
|-----|----------------------------------|----|-----|------------------------------------------|----|
| 6.1 | Degara to Cape Tribulation.....  | 68 | 6.6 | Rocky Point, Newell and Cooya Beach..... | 78 |
| 6.2 | Cape Tribulation .....           | 70 | 6.7 | Port Douglas and Craiglie.....           | 84 |
| 6.3 | Thornton Beach.....              | 72 | 6.8 | Pebbly Beach and Oak Beach.....          | 86 |
| 6.4 | Cow Bay and Cape Kimberley ..... | 74 | 6.9 | Wangefill and south of Wangefill.....    | 90 |
| 6.5 | Wonga Beach .....                | 76 |     |                                          |    |

# Adaptation options – by location



Figure 12. Locality map – Wonga Beach.

| Wonga Beach                                                                  | Present day                                                                                                                   | 2060                                                               | 2100      |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| <b>Adaptation response</b>                                                   | Mitigate                                                                                                                      | Mitigate                                                           | Mitigate* |
| <b>Adaptation actions</b>                                                    |                                                                                                                               |                                                                    |           |
| 1. Shire-wide initiatives                                                    | As per Shire-wide actions                                                                                                     |                                                                    |           |
| 2. Planning updates                                                          | As per Shire-wide actions                                                                                                     |                                                                    |           |
|                                                                              | <b>Focus action 2.1.2:</b><br>Review zoning and development approval conditions for un-developed land with existing approvals |                                                                    |           |
|                                                                              | <b>Focus action 2.1.3:</b><br>Clarify implications for future development approvals and conditions                            |                                                                    |           |
|                                                                              | <b>Focus action 2.1.4:</b><br>Develop approach/triggers for a transition response for targeted areas                          |                                                                    |           |
| 3. Modifying infrastructure                                                  | As per Shire-wide actions                                                                                                     |                                                                    |           |
|                                                                              | Focus action 3.1.2:<br>Promote Resilient homes                                                                                |                                                                    |           |
| 4. Coastal management and engineering                                        | As per Shire-wide actions                                                                                                     |                                                                    |           |
| 4.1 Dune protection and maintenance                                          | Implement as part of Shire-wide program                                                                                       |                                                                    |           |
| 4.2 Additional open coast erosion mitigation works (if required)             | N/A                                                                                                                           | Develop a SEMP and implement erosion mitigation works.             |           |
| 4.3 Additional protection from tidal and storm tide inundation (if required) | N/A                                                                                                                           | Undertake concept design and implement inundation protection works |           |
| Potential average annual damages from coastal hazards (to be mitigated)      | \$0.5M                                                                                                                        | \$4M                                                               | \$22M     |

\* A transition response may be appropriate for limited areas

# Strategy implementation

- Implementation context & adaptive management
- Change management
- Monitoring and evaluation



# Reflections & learnings

## ✓ Communication and engagement:

- Engage early
- Ongoing process
- Values / synergies

## ✓ Technical investigations:

- ✓ Leading practice
- ✓ Tailored approach
- ✓ Fit for purpose and best value for Council
- ✓ Economic case for adaptation



# Reflections & learnings

- ✓ Strategic planning:
  - Set the direction
  - Tailored language
  - Shire-wide and location specific actions
  - Partnerships
  - Set up for broader / future opportunities
  - Opportunity to safeguard the character of the landscape



Reflections from the engine room...



## Internal engagement

1. Engagement process
2. Frequency of engagement
3. Key challenges



## CHAS Working Group

- New dedicated group for the life of the project
- Key internal staff:
  - ✓ Manager Infrastructure
  - ✓ Manager Environment & Planning/ Local Disaster Coordinator
  - ✓ Manager Project Office
  - ✓ Planning Officer
  - ✓ Sustainability Officer
- Monthly then bi-monthly meetings
- Regular updates/reviewing via email

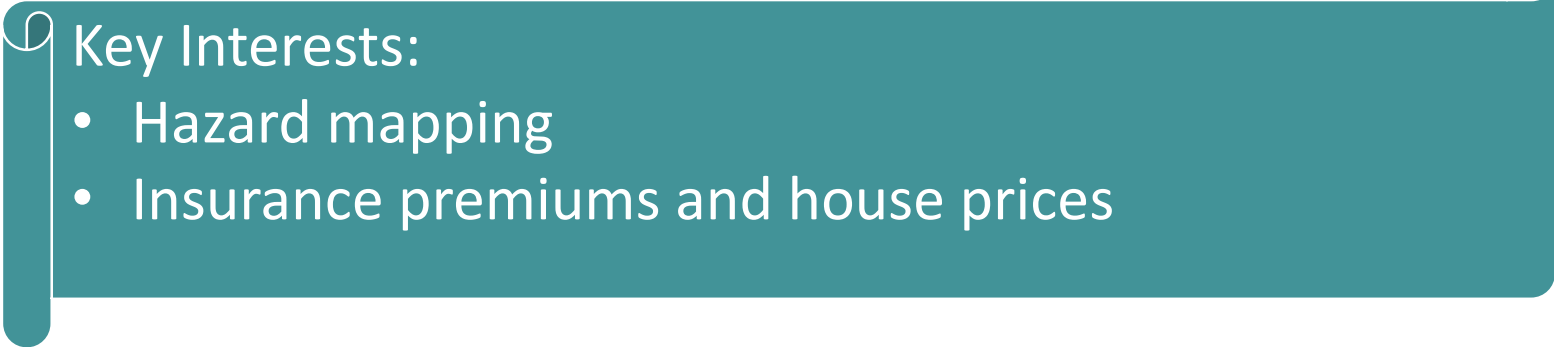
### Key Interests:

- Methodology
- Council's role and setting the community expectation



## Management Team

- Tailored 20-30 minute briefings to existing group
- CEO & Managers
- Key milestones:
  - ✓ Prior to website launch
  - ✓ Prior to community workshops
- Challenges:
  - ✓ New CEO and management structure



### Key Interests:

- Hazard mapping
- Insurance premiums and house prices

## Council Workshops

- Tailored 45-60 minute briefings to existing group
- Mayor, Councillors & Senior Officers
- 3-4 times per year
- Challenges:
  - ✓ Technical content
  - ✓ Length of project
  - ✓ Scheduling

### Key Interests:

- General understanding of all components

## Council Planners

- Tailored 60 minute briefings to planners
- x3 planners
- 2 briefings – mid project & prior to draft Strategic Plan 30 day public comment period.

### Key Interests:

- Storm tide inundation mapping



## All Staff

- Tailored emails
- Posters
  - ✓ Community workshops
  - ✓ 30 days public comment period
- Lunchroom documents
  - ✓ Project updates
  - ✓ Factsheets
- Monthly

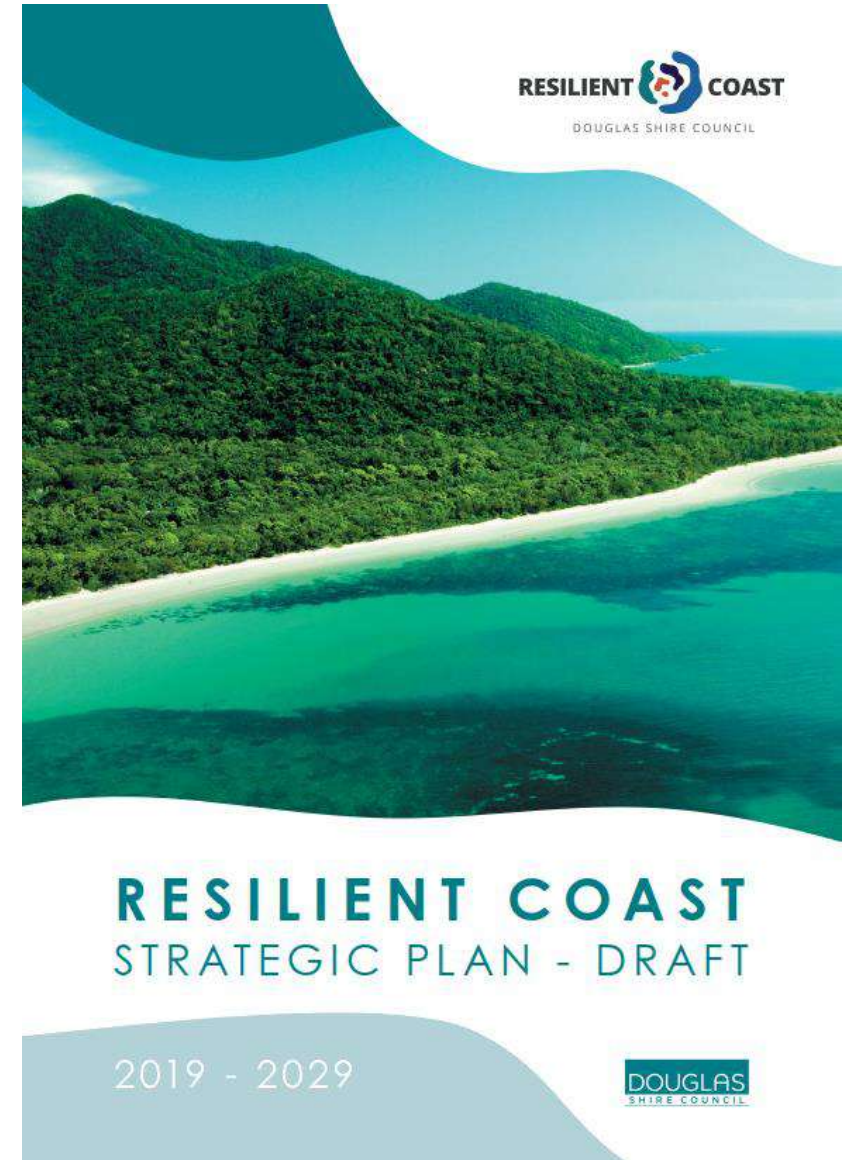


### Key Interests:

- Responding to public enquiries
- Is my house ok?

# Internal Strategic Plan Launch

- Purpose: to ensure key internal staff were briefed before the 30 day public consultation period.
- Included:
  - ✓ Overview of 35 strategy actions
  - ✓ Coastal hazard mapping
- Attendees:
  - ✓ CEO
  - ✓ Managers
  - ✓ CHAS Working Group
  - ✓ Communications Officer



## Next steps

1. Council Meeting 28 May 2019
  - ✓ Upload final Resilient Coast Strategic Plan onto the website (<https://ourcoast.douglas.qld.gov.au>)
  - ✓ Update internal and external stakeholders following resolution
  - ✓ Media release
2. Letter to State regarding the EPAs
3. Update Council's GIS records
  - ✓ Hazard Mapping
4. Project acquittal
5. Implementation phase



Thank you

